

Bills that passed legislature in 2020, which may pertain to MPA members:

SHB 2567 – Concerning Open Courts - Prohibits civil arrests inside or near state court facilities, unless certain conditions apply. Prohibits judges, court staff [*including probation officers, who are specifically listed under the definition of “court staff”*], court security personnel, and prosecutor's office staff from inquiring into or collecting immigration or citizenship status information [*including asking or collecting information on place of birth*], except in certain circumstances. Prohibits judges, court staff, court security personnel, and prosecutor's office staff from disclosing nonpublic personal information about an individual to immigration authorities, except as provided by law. Establishes court processes in the event of state or federal law enforcement action at court facilities, including reporting requirements, and requires the Administrative Office of the Courts to publish collected information on a quarterly basis.

SSB 5640 – Concerning Youth Courts - Expands the types of cases that may be heard by a youth court created by a court of limited jurisdiction by: (1) authorizing youth courts to hear and dispose of civil infractions, as well as traffic and transit infractions; (2) permitting a juvenile with a prior youth court referral for a traffic or transit infraction to be referred to the youth court; and (3) allowing youth court programs to accept referrals, from a juvenile court diversion unit, of traffic, transit, and civil infractions committed by juveniles 12 through 15 years of age.

ESSB 6268 - Preventing Abusive Litigation Between Intimate Partners - Defines "abusive litigation," recognizes that abusive litigation against domestic violence survivors arises in a variety of court proceedings, and provides a court process for restricting abusive litigation.

2SHB 1191 - Concerning School Notifications - Modifies requirements governing notifications from criminal justice entities to schools and school districts for students who have committed certain crimes by establishing uniformity in notice requirements and in the duties of school personnel after a notification is received. Discontinues notifications to schools and school districts for offenses related to the inhalation of toxic fumes and violations of specified criminal laws. Makes information received by school officials in accordance with the notification requirements exempt from disclosure under the Public Records Act.

EHB 2965 - Responding to the Coronavirus Disease - Appropriates \$175 million from the Budget Stabilization Account (BSA) and \$25 million of federal general funds to be distributed to local governments and federally recognized tribes for response to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). Authorizes the Department of Social and Health Services to determine nursing facility payments to adequately resource facilities responding to the COVID-19 outbreak. Establishes the COVID-19 Unemployment Account with \$25 million from the BSA to cover the unemployment benefit charges of employers who have employees receiving unemployment insurance benefits as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak. Allows the State Board of Education to establish an emergency waiver program to grant local education agencies and private schools flexibility from graduation requirements due to the COVID-19 outbreak.

SSB 6086 - Allowing Access to Medications for Opioid use Disorder through Remote Dispensing Sites - Allows the license of location for a pharmacy to be extended to a registered remote dispensing site that uses technology to dispense medications approved for the treatment of opioid use disorder. Establishes minimum standards for registered remote dispensing sites.

SSB 6526 - Reusing and Donating Unexpired Prescription Drugs - Requires the Pharmacy Quality Assurance Commission to adopt rules allowing the safe donation of prescription drugs and allowing the Department of Corrections to accept returns of unexpired medications.

ESHB 1754 - Concerning the Hosting of the Homeless by Religious Organizations - Places new limitations on the ability of counties, cities or towns, and code cities to regulate outdoor encampments, safe parking efforts, indoor overnight shelters, and temporary small houses on property owned or controlled by a religious organization. Allows a county, city or town, or code city to require a religious organization hosting the homeless and the agency managing the hosting to enter into a memorandum of understanding to protect the public health and safety of residents. Requires religious organizations hosting the homeless to comply with certain regulations relating to sex offender checks, vehicle and driver laws, the homeless client management information system, and public notice.

3SHB 1504 - Concerning Impaired Driving - Modifies certain impaired driving related sentencing provisions. Outlines procedures for circumstances in which a person has fulfilled a period of impaired driving-related driver's license suspension through day-for-day credit from a separate suspension arising from the same incident [*no more suspended/released on the same date, with reissue fees required*]. Makes various changes to procedures and processes related to the ignition interlock restriction in impaired driving cases [*decreases the alcohol set point (formerly called the calibration setting) from .025 to .020*]. Makes costs incurred through emergency response to an incident caused by an Actual Physical Control While Under the Influence offense eligible for emergency response reimbursement. Increases the driver's license reissue fee following an impaired driving-related suspension or revocation from \$150 to \$170, and modifies the distribution of the fee. Increases the monthly Ignition Interlock Device Revolving Account fee imposed on persons with an ignition interlock restriction from \$20 to \$21. [*DOL will also have a notation if a driver has filed an employer exemption for the IID.*]

SHB 2393 - Earning Credit for Complying with Community Custody Conditions - Allows a qualifying person to earn supervision compliance credit to reduce his or her term of community custody by up to 10 days per month.

SHB 2417 - Concerning Individuals Serving Community Custody Terms - Modifies the requirements for sanctioning violations of community custody conditions by: allowing nonconfinement sanctions for any low level violation; providing a community corrections officer with discretion to elevate a sixth or subsequent low level violation to a high level violation (rather than requiring the officer to do so); and modifying the requirements for detaining persons who commit new offenses while on community custody. Requires the Department of Corrections to contract with an independent third party to conduct a comprehensive review of the community corrections staffing model.

SHB 2483 - Concerning Vehicle Impoundment and Redemption Following Arrest for Driving or Being in Physical Control of a Vehicle While Under the Influence of Alcohol or Drugs - Removes provisions of current law requiring impoundment of the vehicle in every case in which the driver is arrested for impaired driving. Provides that, when an officer makes a discretionary decision to impound a vehicle in an impaired driving case, the current law procedures preventing the vehicle's redemption for 12 hours must be followed.

2SHB 2793 - Vacating Criminal Records - Requires the Administrative Office of the Courts to conduct a pilot project for developing a court-driven process to review and vacate criminal convictions based on current statutory eligibility requirements.

2SSB 5149 - Concerning Electronic Monitoring with Victim Notification Technology - Modifies the Sentencing Reform Act (SRA) definition of "electronic monitoring" to include electronic monitoring with victim notification technology. Applies the SRA definition of "electronic monitoring" to the statutes governing certain no-contact orders. Requires the Administrative Office of the Courts to take specified measures related to providing access to electronic monitoring with victim notification technology.

E2SSB 5291 - Creating Alternatives to Total Confinement for Certain Qualifying Persons with Minor Children - Expands the Parenting Sentencing Alternative and Community Parenting Alternative by modifying the restrictions on criminal history, immigration status, and types of qualifying familial relationships. Authorizes the court to impose up to an additional six months of community custody for a participant in the Parenting Sentencing Alternative when modifying conditions or imposing sanctions.

SB 6164 - Concerning Prosecutorial Discretion to Seek Resentencing - Authorizes a prosecuting attorney to petition the sentencing court to resentence a defendant if the original sentence no longer advances the interests of justice.

HB 2739 - Adjusting Certain Requirements of the Shared Leave Program - Provides that employees may maintain up to 40 hours of applicable leave in reserve and may not be required to deplete all leave to qualify for shared leave. Allows intermittent and nonconsecutive use of shared leave. Permits an agency head to grant shared leave to an employee if the employee, a relative, or a household member is isolated or quarantined due to the 2019 novel coronavirus (COVID-19). Adjusts certain requirements for when parental leave may be used following shared leave taken for a pregnancy disability. Removes the requirement that an employee pursue and be found ineligible for industrial insurance wage benefits to qualify for shared leave. Limits the amount of shared leave that an employee may receive when also receiving industrial insurance wage replacement benefits to no more than 25 percent of base salary.

ESHB 1793 - Establishing Additional Uses for Automated Traffic Safety Cameras for Traffic Congestion Reduction and Increased Safety - Establishes a pilot program for the use of automated traffic safety cameras on certain state and local roadways in or near downtown areas of cities with populations greater than 500,000 for the following violations: stopping at intersection or crosswalk (20-intersection maximum), stopping when traffic obstructed, public transportation only lane, and stopping or traveling in a restricted lane. Mandates that a notice of warning without a penalty be issued under the pilot program through December 31, 2020, after which time, a notice of infraction must be issued, with the penalty for the infraction restricted to a \$75 maximum. Requires that one-half of the non-interest money received by a city under the pilot program in excess of costs be directed to the Cooper Jones Active Transportation Safety Account, and that the other half be used by the city for improvements to transportation that support access and mobility for persons with disabilities.

You can visit <https://apps.leg.wa.gov/billinfo/> , plug in the bill number at the top of the page, and then scroll down to the selection titled "Session Law" to read the final draft of the bill as it passed the legislature. Anything titled "New Section" or underlined or crossed out would be what I look for when skimming for changes or additions.